

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें।

सीरीज़

क्रमांक :

1217931

C

कोड : **DFMET-02**

2018

विषय : अंग्रेजी

भाग-I : सामान्य अध्ययन : प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 30

भाग-II : अंग्रेजी : प्रश्न संख्या 31 से 150

समय : 2 घण्टे

अपना अनुक्रमांक सामने बाँकन में लिखें

अंकों में
→
राशियों में

प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिए केवल काले बॉल-पॉइंट पेन का इस्तेमाल करें।

अभ्यर्थी उत्तर देने से पहले सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लें।

आपको अपने सभी उत्तर केवल उत्तर-पत्रक पर ही देने हैं। परीक्षा के उपरान्त उत्तर-पत्रक की मूल प्रति निरीक्षक को सौंप दें।

महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश

1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
2. उत्तर-पत्रक पर अभ्यर्थी अपना सही अनुक्रमांक, विषय, परीक्षण पुस्तिका का सही कोड एवं सीरीज़ अंकित करे अथवा उत्तर-पत्रक का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जाएगा और इसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं अभ्यर्थी की होगी।
3. इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका में 150 प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार (4) वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिए गए हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही सही उत्तर है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, उत्तर-पत्रक में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले बॉल-पॉइंट पेन से पूरा करना है।
4. अनुक्रमांक के अलावा परीक्षण पुस्तिका के कवर पेज पर कुछ न लिखें। इसके अलावा परीक्षण पुस्तिका के अंदर और कुछ न लिखें। यदि उत्तर पत्र कार्य करना चाहते हैं, तो उत्तर निरीक्षक से लिखित अनुरोध करें कि वे इस पर सक्षम सुधार करें।
5. परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने के कुछ बाद तब तक देख लें कि परीक्षण पुस्तिका के सभी पेज धाली-धाली छपे हुए हैं। यदि परीक्षण पुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो निरीक्षक को दिखाने के लिए सीरीज़ व कोड की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
6. मान्य उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड
 - उत्तर-पत्रक में उम्मीदवार द्वारा दिए गए मान्य उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड दिया जाएगा।
 - (i) प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर हैं। उम्मीदवार द्वारा प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए दिए गए एक या दो उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड देना होगा।
 - (ii) यदि कोई उम्मीदवार एक से अधिक उत्तर देता है, तो इसे मान्य उत्तर माना जाएगा, यद्यपि दिए गए उत्तरों में से एक उत्तर सही होता है, फिर भी उस प्रश्न के लिए उम्मीदवार को दण्ड देना होगा।
 - (iii) यदि उम्मीदवार द्वारा कोई प्रश्न हल नहीं किया जाता है, तो उम्मीदवार द्वारा उत्तर नहीं दिया जाता है, तो उस प्रश्न के लिए कोई दण्ड नहीं दिया जाएगा।

SEAL

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें।

Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the back cover of this Booklet.

PART-II : ENGLISH / भाग-II : अंग्रेजी

31. Which among the following is a sonnet?
(a) *Break, Break, Break*
(b) *Ozymandias*
(c) *The Canonization*
(d) *Tintern Abbey*
32. A sonnet having three quatrains and a couplet, with rhyming scheme—*abab, cdcd, efef, gg*—is called
(a) Miltonic sonnet
(b) Petrarchan sonnet
(c) Shakespearean sonnet
(d) Italian sonnet
33. Who introduced 'Ottava Rima' into English?
(a) Chaucer
(b) Byron
(c) Wyatt
(d) Milton
34. The Pindaric Ode consists of
(a) strophe, epode, antipode
(b) strophe, antistrophe, epode
(c) epode, antipode, strophe
(d) strophe, antipode, epode
35. What is blank verse?
(a) It has a metre but no rhyme.
(b) It has no metre and no rhyme
(c) It has a rhyme but no metre.
(d) None of the above
36. The greatest poet of dramatic monologue in English is
(a) Shakespeare
(b) John Donne
(c) Tennyson
(d) Robert Browning
37. 'Litotes' means
(a) a change of life
(b) opposite of hyperbole
(c) abstract notions
(d) concrete irony
38. Which of the following is **not** an elegy?
(a) *Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard*
(b) *Adonais*
(c) *Tintern Abbey*
(d) *Rugby Chapel*
39. The Reformation Movement was led by
(a) Ptolemaic
(b) Martin Luther
(c) Roman Catholic Church
(d) Mahatma Gandhi
40. Who said, "Donne affects the metaphysics not only in his satires but also in his amorous verses" ?
(a) John Dryden
(b) Samuel Johnson
(c) T. S. Eliot
(d) Matthew Arnold
41. Ben Jonson wrote _____ comedies.
(a) romantic
(b) classical
(c) absurd
(d) farcical
42. John Bunyan's *The Pilgrim's Progress* is
(a) an allegory
(b) a satire
(c) a comedy
(d) a romance
43. *Eminent Victorians* by Lytton Strachey is
(a) an autobiography
(b) a biography
(c) a memoir
(d) a travelogue
44. Who among the following is **not** associated with the pre-Raphaelite brotherhood?
(a) D. G. Rossetti
(b) Dylan Thomas
(c) W. H. Hunt
(d) J. E. Millais

Translate the given sentences into Hindi
(Question Nos. 144 to 146) :

144. Translate the following sentence into Hindi

Several villages were burnt down.

- (a) कई गाँव जला दिये गये।
(b) गाँवों को जला दिया गया।
 (c) कई गाँव जल गये।
(d) गाँवों को जला डाला गया।

145. Translate the following sentence into Hindi :

I should not mind a little more tea.

- (a) मुझे थोड़ी चाय और चल जाएगी।
 (b) मुझे थोड़ी चाय और दे दीजिये।
(c) मैं और चाय के लिये तैयार हूँ।
 (d) मैं थोड़ी और चाय ले दूँगा।

146. Translate the following sentence into Hindi :

Were I to be elected again, I would solve these problems.

- (a) क्या मैं पुनः निर्वाचित होने के लिये इन समस्याओं को हल कर दूँ।
 (b) यदि मैं दुबारा चुना जाऊँ तो इन समस्याओं को हल कर दूँगा।
(c) क्या मैं फिर से निर्वाचित होने के लिये इन समस्याओं को हल कर दूँगा।
(d) यदि मैं दुबारा चुना गया तो समस्याएँ ही नहीं रहेंगी।

Question Nos. 147 to 150 are based on Letter Writing. Answer as desired :

147. Point out the salutation in an informal letter.

- (a) Dear Mother
 (b) Sir
(c) Dear Madam
(d) Dear Gentlemen

148. An informal letter has the following parts :

- (a) Salutation, Body and Signature
 (b) Salutation, Matter and Subscription
(c) Salutation, Body, Subscription and Signature
(d) None of the above

149. 'With love' is used in which part of an informal letter?

- (a) Heading
 (b) Opening
 (c) Closing
(d) Body

150. In order to have a desired effect on the recipient, a formal letter should be

- (a) in the proper format
(b) to the point and relevant
(c) grammatically correct
 (d) All of the above

Question Nos. 122 to 124 are based on Vocabulary. Answer them as desired :

122. Give the synonym of the word 'candid'.

- (a) Apparent
- (b) Explicit
- (c) Frank
- (d) Bright

123. Give the antonym of the word 'disparage'.

- (a) Please
- (b) Praise
- (c) Belittle
- (d) Denigrate

124. Fill in the blank with suitable option :

His speech was disappointing : it _____ all the major issues.

- (a) projected
- (b) revealed
- (c) skirted
- (d) analyzed

Question Nos. 125 to 127 are Tense-based questions, and are to be answered as instructed :

125. Which of the following Tenses refers to a completed action?

- (a) Simple Present
- (b) Present Progressive
- (c) Present Perfect
- (d) Present Perfect Continuous

126. Which of the following sentences is in Present Perfect Continuous Tense?

- (a) I was making cakes.
- (b) I have been making cakes.
- (c) I had been making cakes.
- (d) I will be making cakes.

127. Choose the correct sentence in Present Continuous Tense.

- (a) My uncle will be making a speech on Tuesday.
- ~~(b) My uncle has been making a speech on Tuesday.~~
- (c) My uncle is making a speech on Tuesday.
- (d) My uncle shall be making a speech on Tuesday.

45. Expressionism as a movement originated in the early 20th century in
- France
 - England
 - Germany
 - Italy
46. Who among the following is the Movement Poet?
- Ted Hughes
 - T. S. Eliot
 - W. H. Auden
 - Philip Larkin
47. Who said, "A thought to Donne was an experience. It modified his sensibility"?
- Dr. Johnson
 - T. S. Eliot
 - I. A. Richards
 - F. R. Leavis
48. The term 'conceit' has relevance in
- Elizabethan poetry
 - Restoration poetry
 - Eighteenth century poetry
 - Metaphysical poetry
49. The 'coffeehouse' culture flourished in
- the early eighteenth century,
 - the nineteenth century
 - the sixteenth century
 - the twentieth century
50. The phrase 'stamped face' in Donne's poem, *The Canonization* refers to
- a postal stamp
 - a coin
 - the face that has been struck
 - the face that has suppressed a rebellion
51. Identify the most suitable salutation for a business letter.
- Dear Sirs
 - Dear Friends
 - Dear Sir
 - My Dear Sir
52. The opening lines of *Paradise Lost* are a good example of
- heroic couplet
 - Miltonic inversion
 - sprung rhythm
 - hyperbole
53. What was the leading principle in the age of Pope?
- Good sense
 - Romantic thought
 - Loose morals
 - All of the above
54. What is the real name of Belinda in Pope's *The Rape of the Lock*?
- Cynthia Fermor
 - Lucy Fermor
 - Arabella Fermor
 - Maria Fermor
55. Who said, "Poets are the mirrors of the gigantic shadows which futurity cast upon the present"?
- P. B. Shelley
 - Robert Browning
 - W. H. Auden
 - Lord Tennyson
56. What term does Keats use for the Grecian Urn?
- Doctor
 - Sociologist
 - Artist
 - Historian

57. Who narrates the poem, *My Last Duchess* ?
- Robert Browning
 - An omniscient speaker
 - The Duke
 - The Visitor
58. Which of the following characteristics describes the tone of *Dover Beach* best?
- Enthusiastic
 - Hopeful
 - Pessimistic
 - Tranquil
59. The name of Ulysses' son is
- Timothy
 - Tithonus
 - Telemachus
 - Andronicus
60. Complete the following line of W. B. Yeats :
- Turning and turning in the widening _____
- gyre
 - grey
 - circle
 - street
61. W. B. Yeats used 'Byzantium' as a symbol of
- romantic decadence
 - physical well-being ✓
 - material progress
 - artistic perfection
62. In which poem does the title of Achebe's novel, *Things Fall Apart* occur?
- Ulysses*
 - Dover Beach*
 - Wants*
 - The Second Coming*
63. Point out the Active Voice of the following sentence :
- I would like him to be assisted.
- I would like that he may be assisted.
 - I would wish that you should assist him.
 - I would wish he should be assisted.
 - I would like you to assist him.
64. 'A Game of Chess', the second section in *The Waste Land*, is also the title of a play to which T. S. Eliot refers in his 'Notes'. That play was written by
- Ben Jonson
 - Marlowe
 - Thomas Kyd
 - Thomas Middleton
65. Which *Upanishad* does T. S. Eliot allude to in his monumental work, *The Waste Land* ?
- Mundaka*
 - Brihadaranyaka*
 - Taittiriya*
 - Chhandogya*
66. *The Waste Land* concludes with a/an _____ word.
- English
 - French
 - Sanskrit
 - German
67. Imagism as a literary movement is associated with
- T. S. Eliot
 - D. H. Lawrence
 - E. E. Cummings
 - T. E. Hulme

68. Change the following sentence into Passive Voice :

Somebody had cleaned my shoes and brushed my suit.

- (a) My shoes were cleaned and my suit brushed.
- (b) My shoes are cleaned and my suit brushed by somebody.
- (c) My shoes have been cleaned and my suit brushed by somebody.
- (d) My shoes had been cleaned and my suit brushed.

69. Robert Frost was

- (a) a British poet settled in America
- (b) an American poet settled in England
- (c) a Canadian poet settled in America
- (d) an American poet settled in New England

70. Stanley Webber in *The Birthday Party* pretends to be a one-time

- (a) flute player
- (b) guitarist
- (c) drummer
- (d) pianist

71. The four humours in Ben Jonson's time were

- (a) love, hate, laughter and sorrow
- (b) choler, yellow bile, melancholy and black bile
- (c) tear, blood, bile and saliva
- (d) blood, phlegm, yellow bile and black bile

72. Who is sick of 'self-love' in Shakespeare's *Twelfth Night*?

- (a) Malvolio
- (b) Sir Toby Belch
- (c) Sir Andrew Aguecheek
- (d) Olivia

73. The sleep-walking scene occurs in

- (a) *King Lear*
- (b) *Macbeth*
- (c) *Othello*
- (d) *The Merchant of Venice*

74. Where does the Third Act in *Arms and the Man* take place?

- (a) Library
- (b) Garden
- (c) Army Camp
- (d) Battlefield

75. Choose the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets :

It is very pleasant (wake) up and (hear) the rain (beat) on the windows.

- (a) waking, hearing, beat
- (b) wake, hearing, beat
- (c) to wake, hear, beating
- (d) to wake, to hear, beat

76. Dryden's *All for Love* is a retelling of Shakespeare's

- (a) *Antony and Cleopatra*
- (b) *The Merchant of Venice*
- (c) *Macbeth*
- (d) *Twelfth Night*

77. Dryden's *All for Love* is written in

- (a) free verse ✓
- (b) blank verse
- (c) rime
- (d) heroic couplet

78. Identify the correct sentence.

- (a) She entered into the room without knocking at the door.
- (b) She entered in the room without knocking at the door.
- (c) She entered the room without knocking on the door.
- (d) She entered into the room without knocking on the door.

89. Fielding's *Joseph Andrews* parodies

- (a) *Gulliver's Travels*
- (b) *Tess*
- (c) *Pamela*
- (d) *Oliver Twist*

90. "Happiness is but an occasional episode in the general drama of pain."

The above statement occurs in

- (a) *Joseph Andrews*
- (b) *Lord of the Flies*
- (c) *The Mayor of Casterbridge*
- (d) *Animal Farm*

91. Whom did Henchard arrange to hire as his Business Manager before meeting Farfrae in *The Mayor of Casterbridge*?

- (a) Christopher Coney
- (b) Solomon Longways
- (c) Nance Mockridge
- (d) Joshua Jopp

92. Mrs. Dalloway describes the events of

- (a) four days
- (b) two days
- (c) one day
- (d) three days

93. Mr. Behrman in *The Last Leaf* is

- (a) a neighbour living downstairs,
- (b) Johnsy's art teacher
- (c) a surgeon
- (d) Sue's boyfriend

94. The Bennet family in *Pride and Prejudice* lives in the _____ estate.

- (a) Longbourn
- (b) Pemberley
- (c) Rosings
- (d) Greenfield

95. Who is the Old Man in *The Old Man and the Sea*?

- (a) Sebastian
- (b) Santiago,
- (c) Antonio
- (d) Ferdinand

96. The statement "All animals are equal but some are more equal than others" occurs in

- (a) *Panchatantra*
- (b) *Lord of the Flies*
- (c) *Animal Farm*,
- (d) *The Fly*

97. *Lord of the Flies* is a literal translation of

- (a) Beelzebub
- (b) Satan,
- (c) Lucifer
- (d) Mephistophilis

98. 'Unoka' is associated with the novel

- (a) *The Bachelor of Arts*
- (b) *Things Fall Apart*,
- (c) *A Grain of Wheat*
- (d) *The Petals of Blood*

99. Choose the best alternative which expresses the meaning of the underlined phrase :

What egged you on to become a social worker?

- (a) dampened
- (b) urged,
- (c) hindered
- (d) discouraged

100. Rangamma in *Kanthapura* organizes the women and calls this group

- (a) Gram Sevika
- (b) Mahila Sangha
- (c) Mahila Sevika
- (d) Sevika Sangha

79. Fill in the blank :

Do you ever send _____ for things rather than buying them in shops?

- (a) up
- (b) out ✓
- (c) off
- (d) through

80. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists :

List-I

List-II

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A. Euphemism | 1. A striking opposition or contrast of words or sentiments made in the same sentence |
| B. Antithesis | 2. Description of a disagreeable thing by an agreeable name |
| C. Epigram | 3. A statement that is made emphatic by over-statement |
| D. Hyperbole | 4. A brief pointed saying frequently introducing antithetical ideas which excite surprise and arrest attention |

Codes :

- | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | A | B | C | D |
| | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| (b) | A | B | C | D |
| | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| (c) | A | B | C | D |
| | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (d) | A | B | C | D |
| | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |

81. Who has described Bacon as "the wisest, brightest, meanest of mankind" ?

- (a) Macaulay ✓
- (b) Alexander Pope
- (c) Dr. Johnson
- (d) Hugh Walker

82. Who is the essayist who called his essays 'dispersed meditations'?

- (a) A. G. Gardiner
- (b) Bertrand Russell
- (c) Joseph
- (d) Francis Bacon

83. Who wrote under the pseudonym 'Alpha of the Plough'?

- (a) Charles Lamb
- (b) Francis Bacon
- (c) R. L. Stevenson
- (d) A. G. Gardiner

84. The word 'Elia' is associated with

- (a) Thomas De Quincey
- (b) William Hazlitt
- (c) Charles Lamb
- (d) Francis Bacon

85. How much money does the narrator of the short story, *The Luncheon* have when the story opens?

- (a) Sixty francs ✓
- (b) Eighty francs
- (c) Seventy francs
- (d) Ninety francs

86. Who is credited for pioneering the Historical Novel?

- (a) Laurence Sterne
- (b) Jane Austen
- (c) Walter Scott
- (d) Henry Fielding

87. The phrase 'two inches of ivory' is used for the plots of

- (a) Thomas Hardy
- (b) Charles Dickens
- (c) Virginia Woolf
- (d) Jane Austen

88. Who is Pip's tutor in London in Dickens' *Great Expectations* ?

- (a) Harold Pocket ✓
- (b) Walter Pocket
- (c) Herbert Pocket
- (d) Matthew Pocket

Read the passage given below carefully and answer the questions that follow (Question Nos. 101 to 105). Choose the correct option from the alternatives provided :

True it is the function of the army to maintain law and order in abnormal times. But in normal times there is another force that compels citizens to obey the laws and to act with due regards to the rights of others. The force also protects the lives and the properties of law-abiding men. Laws are made to secure the personal safety of its subjects and to prevent murder and crimes of violence. They are made to secure the property of the citizens against theft and damage to protect the rights of communities and castes to carry out their customs and ceremonies, so long as they do not conflict with the rights of others.

Now the good citizen, of his own free will, obeys these laws and he takes care that everything he does is done with due regard to the rights and well-being of others. But the bad citizen is only restrained from breaking these laws by fear of the consequence of his actions. And the necessary steps to compel the bad citizen to act as a good citizen are taken by this force. The supreme control of law and order in a State is in the hands of a Minister who is responsible to the State Assembly and acts through the Inspector General of Police.

101. The expression 'customs and ceremonies' means

- (a) fairs and festivals
- (b) habits and traditions
- (c) usual practices and religious rites
- (d) superstitions and formalities

102. A suitable title for the given passage would be

- (a) The function of the army
- (b) Laws and the people's rights
- (c) The fear of the law and citizens' security
- (d) The functions of the police

103. According to the writer, which one of the following is **not** the responsibility of the police?

- (a) To protect the privileges of all citizens
- (b) To check violent activities of citizens
- (c) To ensure peace among citizens by safeguarding individual rights
- (d) To maintain peace during extraordinary circumstances

104. Which of the following reflects the main thrust of the passage?

- (a) It deals with the importance of the army in maintaining law and order.
- (b) It highlights the role of the police as superior to that of the army.
- (c) It discusses the roles of the army and the police in different circumstances.
- (d) It points to the responsibility of the Minister and the Inspector General of Police.

105. Out of the following, which one has the opposite meaning to the word 'restrained' in the passage?

- (a) Promoted
- (b) Accelerated
- (c) Intruded
- (d) Inhibited

Choose the correct option on the use of punctuation marks (Question Nos. 116 to 118) :

116. Punctuate the following sentence correctly :

men may come and men may go
but I go on forever

- (a) Men may come and men may go, but I go on forever.
- (b) Men may come, and men may go, but I go on forever.
- (c) Men, may come, and men, may go but I go on forever.
- (d) Men may come and men may go, but, I go on, forever.

117. Punctuate the following sentence correctly :

I therefore request to grant me leave

- (a) I, therefore, request to grant me leave.
- (b) I therefore, request to grant me leave.
- (c) I therefore request, to grant me leave.
- (d) I therefore request to grant, me leave.

118. Punctuate the following sentence correctly :

I like all things good and bad
beautiful and ugly dark and bright

- (a) I like all things good and bad, beautiful and ugly; dark and bright.
- (b) I like all things good and bad, beautiful and ugly, dark and bright.
- (c) I like all things good and bad; beautiful and ugly, dark and bright.
- (d) I like all things, good and bad; beautiful and ugly; dark and bright.

Question Nos. 119 to 121 are based on Parts of Speech. Choose the correct option as desired :

119. Choose the correct Plural Form from the following.

- (a) Manservants
- (b) Menservant,
- (c) Menservants
- (d) Man's servant

120. Choose the correct sentence from the following.

- (a) I am obliged of you for this good turn.
- (b) I am obliged to you for this good turn.
- (c) I am obliged with you for this good turn.
- (d) I am obliged to you by this good turn.

121. Choose the correct sentence from the following.

- (a) Because he is clever therefore, he gets good marks.
- (b) Because he is clever so he gets good marks.
- (c) Because he is clever, he gets good marks.
- (d) Because he is clever so that he gets good marks.

Choose the correct meaning of the given phrases and idioms (Question Nos. 128 to 131) :

128. Give the correct meaning of the idiom 'in camera'.

- (a) A small bulb in a camera
- (b) A film in a camera
- (c) In a darkroom
- (d) At a secret or private place

129. Choose the correct meaning of the idiom 'once in a blue moon'.

- (a) Once in a decade
- (b) Once in a year
- (c) Very rarely
- (d) Very commonly

130. Give the correct meaning of the following idiom/phrase :

'To accept the gauntlet'

- ~~(a) To accept defeat~~
- (b) To accept a challenge
- (c) To suffer humiliation
- (d) To accept an honour

131. Fill in the blank with the correct idiom/phrase :

If you disturb me, I shall _____ of my story.

- (a) put up with
- (b) waste one's breath
- (c) lose the thread
- (d) move with times

Question Nos. 132 to 135 are based on Direct/ Indirect Narration. Answer them as desired :

132. Put the given sentence into Indirect Narration :

"Good morning, Vijay," said Ramesh. "Are you going to the market?"

- (a) Ramesh wished Vijay good morning and asked whether he was going to the market.
- (b) Ramesh said good morning to Vijay and asked was he going to the market?
- (c) Ramesh wished good morning to Vijay and asked when he was going to the market.
- (d) Ramesh told good morning to Vijay and asked that whether he was going to the market.

133. Change the following sentence into Direct Narration :

Moti asked Gangu whether the latter was in his senses.

- (a) "Hey Gangu, are you in your senses now?" asked Moti.
- (b) "Gangu, have you lost your senses?" asked Moti.
- (c) "Gangu, are you in your senses?" asked Moti.
- (d) "Are you senseless, Gangu?" asked Moti.

Read the following poetic lines and answer the questions that follow (Question Nos. 106 to 109) :

Riches I hold in light esteem,
And love I laugh to scorn,
And lust of fame was but a dream,
That vanished with the morn:

And if I pray, the only prayer
That moves my lips for me
Is, "Leave the heart that now bears,
And give me liberty!"

106. What does 'Riches' mean here?
- (a) Laxmi goddess
(b) Material gains
(c) Name of a girl
(d) Money
107. What does the poet say about 'lust of fame'?
- The poet says that it is
- (a) passion ✓
(b) craze
(c) transitory
(d) ecstasy
108. What is the condition of the poet?
- The poet is/has
- (a) dissatisfied with the present
(b) satisfied with the present
(c) love for future
(d) love for past
109. What does the poet pray for?
- (a) Escape from the earth
(b) Break of heart
(c) Liberty of soul
(d) Prestige

Choose the correctly spelt word (Question Nos. 110 to 112) :

110. Which of the following is correctly spelt?
- (a) Incredible
(b) Uncredible
(c) Encredible
(d) Discredible
111. Which of the following has the correct spelling?
- (a) Conoisiseur
(b) Connoisseur
(c) Connoisseur
(d) Connoissur
112. Find out the correctly spelt word.
- (a) Restorent
(b) Restaurent
(c) Restarent
(d) Restaurant

Question Nos. 113 to 115 are based on word formation. Change the word as desired :

113. Change the word 'grass' into verb.
- (a) Grassland
(b) Grasshopper
(c) Grass
(d) Graze
114. Which of the following is a noun of 'condemn'?
- (a) Condemned
(b) Condemning
(c) Condemningly
(d) Condemnation
115. Which of the following is the verb of 'internal'?
- (a) Internally
(b) Internalize
(c) Intervention
(d) Inter

134. Put the following sentence into Indirect Narration :

Sohan said to me, "I have always been your friend."

- (a) Sohan told me that he has always been my friend.
- (b) Sohan told me that I had always been your friend.
- (c) Sohan told me that I have always been his friend.

(d) Sohan told me that he had always been my friend.

135. Change the following sentence into Indirect Narration :

He said to her, "What a cold day!"

- (a) He told her that it was a cold day.
- (b) He exclaimed that it was a cold day.
- (c) He exclaimed sorrowfully that it was a cold day.

(d) He exclaimed that it was a very cold day.

Question Nos. 136 and 137 are based on choosing the correct sentence :

136. Choose the correct sentence.

(a) When I went to school we had to learn Latin.

(b) When I went to school we must have been learning Latin.

(c) When I had gone to school we would be learning Latin.

(d) When I had to go to school we might learnt Latin.

137. Pick out the correct sentence.

(a) When I grow up I would be an astronaut.

(b) When I grow up then I'll be an astronaut.

(c) When I shall grow up I'll be an astronaut.

(d) When I grow up I'm going to be an astronaut.

[P.T.O.

Question Nos. 138 to 140 are based on transformation and synthesis of sentences. Answer them as instructed :

138. Transform the following sentence into Assertive Sentence :

What is better than milk for one's health?

- (a) Anything is better than milk for one's health.
- (b) Everything is better than milk for one's health.
- (c) Something is better than milk for one's health.
- (d) Nothing is better than milk for one's health.

139. Synthesize the following set of sentences into one Simple Sentence :

Homer was a great poet. He was born somewhere. Nobody knows where.

- (a) Homer was a great poet, born anywhere.
- (b) Nobody knows the birthplace of the great poet, Homer.
- (c) Homer, a great poet, was born somewhere.
- (d) Who knows the birthplace of Homer that was a great poet.

140. Transform the following sentence into Compound Sentence :

In spite of being unwell, he kept on working.

- (a) He was unwell though kept on working.
- (b) He was unwell and kept on working.
- (c) He was unwell, but he kept on working.
- (d) He was unwell yet kept on working.

Translate the given sentences into English (Question Nos. 141 to 143) :

141. Translate the following sentence into English :

ओस चाटने से प्यास नहीं बुझती।

(a) By licking dew thirst cannot be quenched.

~~(b)~~ Much cry, little try.

(c) Great thirst, little dew.

(d) Fog cannot be dispelled by a fan.

142. Translate the following sentence into English :

जिसकी लाठी उसकी भैंस।

(a) Might is right.

~~(b)~~ The buffalo belongs to the person who holds a stick.

(c) Whose stick, his buffalo.

(d) The buffalo will come to the person who guides it with a stick.

143. Translate the following sentence into English :

अन्त भला तो सब भला।

(a) All is well that ends well.

(b) If end is good, everything is good.

(c) If end is well, everything is well.

(d) All is good that ends good.—